## Homework 2 of Stochastic Calculus, An introduction with Application

Keio University

Due: Thursday June 2020 4th 23:59pm

How: by sending an email (with Object: [S2020H2] LAST\_NAME FIRST\_NAME) to potiron@fbc.keio.ac.jp after being converted to PDF format (with the format Last-NameFirstName.pdf in Romaji/English) and not handwritten.

1. We recall that for X any random variable, we have:

$$\operatorname{Var}[X] = \mathbb{E}[(X - \mathbb{E}[X])^2].$$

Show that

$$\operatorname{Var}[X] = \mathbb{E}[X^2] - \mathbb{E}[X]^2.$$

- 2. It is often the case that we don't know the parameters of the normal distribution, but instead want to estimate them. That is, observing  $(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n)$  from *n* independent random variables normally distributed  $\mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$  we would like to learn the approximate values of parameters  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^2$ .
  - (a) We estimate  $\mu$  with the sample mean as

$$\hat{\mu}_n = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i.$$

- i. Calculate the bias of  $\hat{\mu}_n$ , i.e. calculate  $B_n := \mathbb{E}[(\hat{\mu}_n \mu)]$ .
- ii. Calculate the limit of  $B_n$  as  $n \to \infty$ , and interpret the result.
- iii. Calculate the variance of  $\hat{\mu}_n$ , i.e. calculate  $V_n := \operatorname{Var}[\hat{\mu}_n]$ .

iv. Calculate the limit of  $V_n$  as  $n \to \infty$ , and interpret the result.

(b) We estimate  $\sigma^2$  as

$$\hat{\sigma}_n^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \hat{\mu}_n)^2.$$

Redo all the questions of the previous part with this estimator.